

IS-ENES2 3rd General Assembly 16-18th January 2017



Paris, France

ENES Climate Data Infrastructure:

Data and Network – Status / Requirements / Challenges / Roadmap

ENES Data Infrastructure Providers: BADC/CEDA, CERFACS, CMCC, DKRZ, IPSL, LIU, KNMI, SMHI, UiB, ...

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On behalf of and with contributions from ENES Data Task Force
https://redmine.dkrz.de/projects/enes-data-task-force

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IS-ENES2 Achievements

A major outcome of the IS-ENES2 project with respect to data is the establishment of the ENES CDI (Climate Data Infrastructure). The ENES CDI

- was implemented for CMIP5 under IS-ENES2 funding.
- is operationally continued for CMIP6 after IS-ENES2 with intuitional and national funding.
- is coordinated by the ENES DTF (Data Task Force)
- has strong weight in the international ESGF development, maintenance and operation as well as in the CMIP6 data management.
- future development is presently planned in a number of EU proposals in the EOSC (European Open Science Cloud) framework.





ENES CDI: Components

Technical Components:

- Data Nodes
 - Associated (large) storage pools (disk + tape), long term archival facilities
- Portals
 - Metadata, Search, User-Management, Documentation
 - Higher level services including specific processing services (Climate4Impact)
- Network Infrastructure
- Processing Resources (currently not exposed/connected in an infrastructure, yet need to do so)

Software Components:

- ESGF software stack (data publication, data node, portal)
- Data preparation and data quality control ("cmorization", CMIP / CF compliance, ..)
- Data replication and data cache maintenance ("synda")
- Model / experiment related metadata tools ("es-doc")
- Data related metadata tools ("errata",..)
- Data processing tools and toolboxes ("cdo", "downscaling", "icclim", "WPS/WMS", ..)
- Workflow-enabled big data analytics frameworks ("Ophidia")
- Data identification and data citation infrastructure and tools ("PIDs", "DOIs",..)
- Processing support frameworks





ENES CDI: Components

Non Technical Components:

- ENES Data Task Force
- ENES / ESGF partnership
 - Substantial ESGF infrastructure development done by European ENES partners
 - Representation in ESGF Executive Committee
- ENES / WCRP WIP participation
 - Substantial WIP work done by ENES partners
- Cooperation with / involvement in other data infrastructure projects
 - EUDAT
 - Envri+
 - ICNWG (international network infrastructure team)
 - RDA
 - INDIGO-DataCloud
 - Copernicus
- Funding streams
 - Future European data infrastructure plans (H2020, open science cloud, EINFRA-12, ..)
 - Future national/institutional plans





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ENES CDI: Requirements / Challenges

A) Hosting future high volume data projects (CMIP6 ...)

- To support data analysis large amounts of data have to be collected and made accessible centrally for data processing at "tier1" sites (e.g. national data caches)
- Future overall data collection requirements (e.g. to support multi model evaluations)
 will exceed local storage capacities
- → ENES wide data replication and data collection strategies
- → Sharing data storage responsibilities
- → High bandwidth interconnections between ENES tier1 sites (and to intenational tier1 sites)
- → ENES wide data mangement plans and policies
- → New tools and services to support cross-institutional data management (overall research object (collection) management versus POSIX file/dir + MD management)
- → Follow current / future data object storage and storage cloud approaches





ENES CDI: Requirements / Challenges

B) Data processing and data evaluation support

- Especially tier1 sites need to support "data near processing"
- (Large) compute cluster co-located to large data caches
- Hosting of compute services alongside data services
 (use by specific portals like climate4impact or Copernicus or by end users directly)
- → ENES national compute islands versus a distributed compute infrastructure (grid experiences → many non technical obstacles .. !!)
- → New code packaging and deployment and hosting solutions (virtual machines on demand, docker, cloud services new things for HPC centers ..)
- → Code management besides data management: (code quality assurance, packaging, plugin interfaces, ..)
- → Sustainable compute infrastructure ???
 ENES / ESGF strong enough for this ? → collaboration etc. with other efforts !?





ENES CDI: Requirements / Challenges

C) Research object management

- ENES data used over long periods of time and also in interdisciplinary contexts
 (→ underlying technology changes, volatiale http references, metadata!..)
- Foundation needed for sustainable data management services (e.g. persistent data identification independent of file systems, http references, ..)
- Data / metadata / collections → research objects and RO management services
- Support for RO object versioning, replication, provenance, etc. needed
- → ENES / DKRZ driven PID infrastructure for CMIP6 is only the first (small) step
 - → PID management services integration into current data managemen practises at data centers needed
 - → multi faceted challenge to establish sustainable RO management infrastructure in ENES and beyond
- → RDA Europe Call Application (CMCC) for Collaboration Project on RDA PID recommendation adoption (collaboration with DKRZ)
- → Ongoing collaborations in context of EPIC, EUDAT, RDA → H2020, EINFRA-12, ... ?!





ENES CDI: Requirements / Challenges

D) Data and Metadata: data infrastructure ingest

- Data homogenization ("cmorization") process not only for model data
- Flexible data quality control tools
- Metadata collection about the data generation context (model, experiment) ("es-doc",..)
- Metadata and DRS standards extensions to climate indices/indicators, other observation data types, and level-2+ processed products
- → Flexible community toolset to support groups in data homogenization needed (status: individual cmor or cmor like local adaptations no real community effort .. many groups e.g. CORDEX start from scratch)
- → Flexible community toolset to support groups in data quality control (work started, integration of cf-check, cmor-check, mip-checks ..)
- → Es-doc toolset sustainability





ENES CDI: Institutional Plans

DKRZ:

• PID, LTA, Data citation, EUDAT, RDA, Replication,

BADC:

Security infrastructure (ESGF AAI), data replication (ICNWG),

CERFACS:

 Build on C4I/KNMI portal/services: EUDAT/EGI/RDA (data analytics, e.g. cloud computing + interfacing APIs between infras, workflows, data life cycle), still seeking H2020 appropriate consortium/funding to pursue

IPSL:

Multi Model Analysis, replication (synda based), analysis workflow, ES-DOC, Errata (PID based), EOSC

KNMI:

 Build on and support C4I with CERFACS/SMHI/WUR/CMCC/...; Host ESGF data node; PerfSonar; ESGC CWT; Work on provenance and indicator metadata;

CMCC:

CMCC Provides a Tier2 site. It is also committed to develop and maintain the ESGF modules related to the download metrics (IS-ENES2 funded activity). Since 2010, CMCC has been also developing a framework for big data analytics (Ophidia) in close synergy with ESGF. A dedicated cluster will be made soon available for the ESGF-CWT activity. Plans relate to apply to H2020 and Copernicus calls on data-infrastructure topics.

LIU:

Operate and develop ESGF and MARS infrastructure. Nordic support for ESGF. Operate and deploying iRODS, hosting PID framework services. Involved in EGI, NeiC and ECDS





ENES CDI: Inter-Institutional Plans

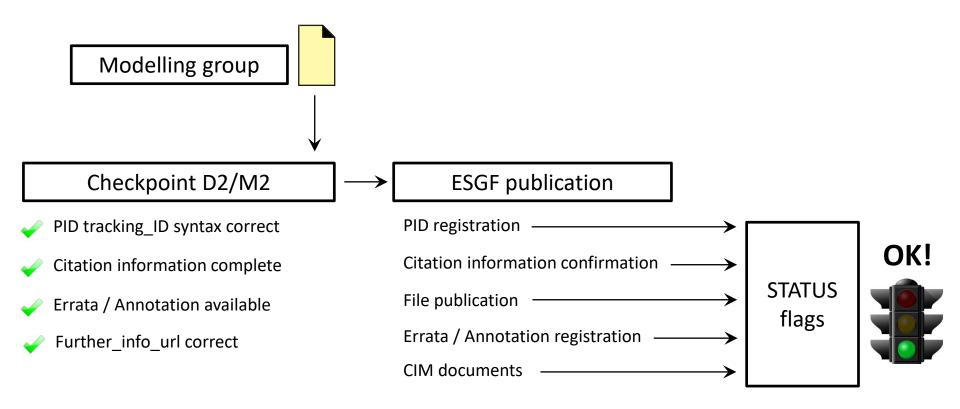
CMIP6 ENES cross institutional infrastructure developments in e.g. ESGF

- Replication
- Data network bandwidth
- PID infrastructure
- (Early) data citation
- Errata management
- ES-DOC/CIM and emerging new Metadata & DRS for level-2+ products
- Data provision and processing: ENES & Copernicus; adapt current platform (C4I) and services to new datasets and experiments
- User Support: after IS-ENES2 ??





ESGF CMIP6 Data Publication







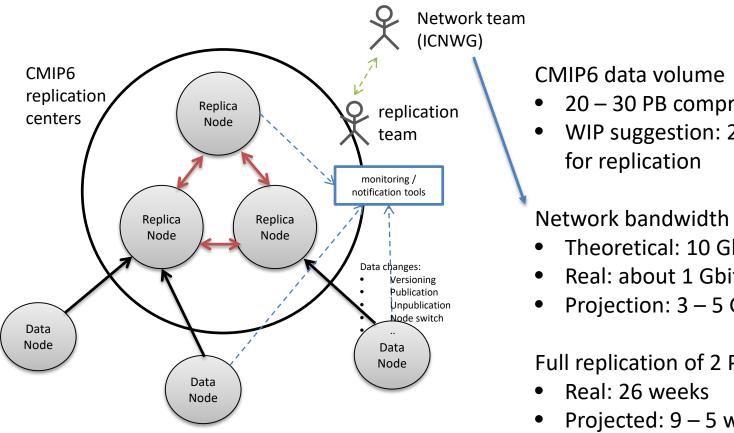
ESGF CMIP6 ES-DOC Errata Service







ESGF CMIP6 Data Replication



- 20 30 PB compressed NetCDF-4
- WIP suggestion: 2 PB core data

Network bandwidth (ICNWG)

- Theoretical: 10 Gbit/s
- Real: about 1 Gbit/s (local local)
- Projection: 3 5 Gbit/s

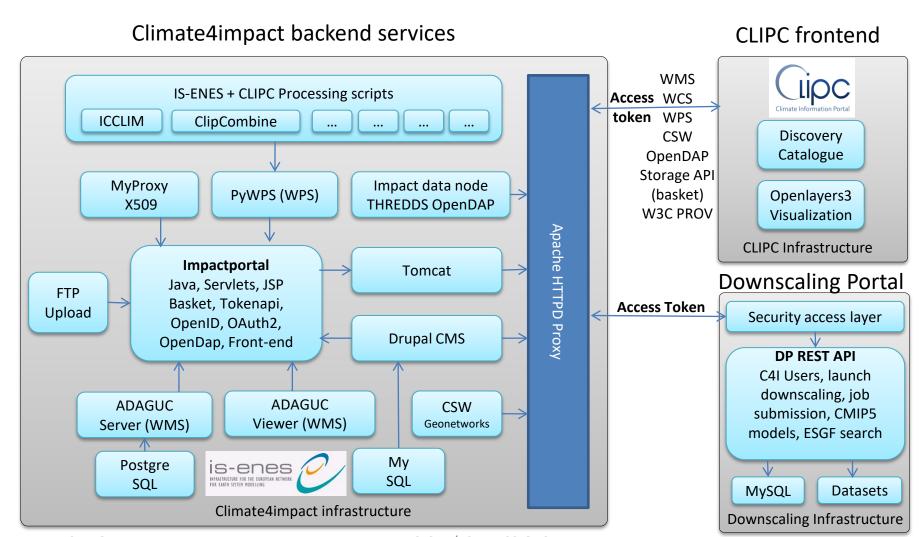
Full replication of 2 PB core data

Projected: 9 – 5 weeks





Climate for Impacts Portal (C4I)



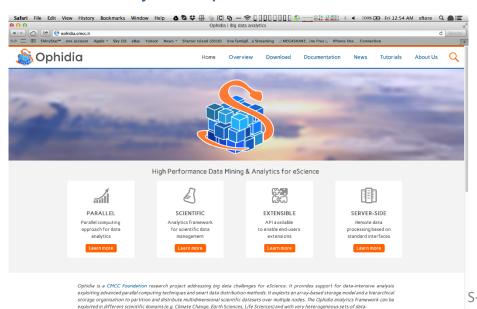


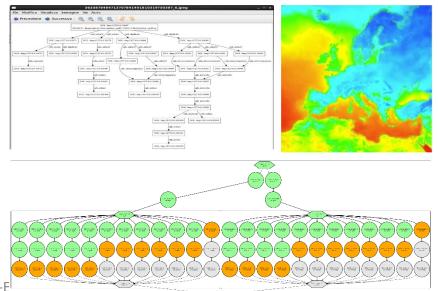


Workflow-enabled big data analytics - Ophidia

Ophidia is a research project addressing big data challenges for eScience

- It provides support for declarative, parallel, server-side data analysis exploiting parallel computing techniques and database approaches
- It supports end-to-end analytics workflows for eScience
- It has been exploited in CLIP-C to process climate indicators in some big data scenarios and in the INDIGO-DataCloud to implement distributed, multi-model analytics experiments









ENES CDI: Future Perspectives

Even after end of the IS-ENES2 project the ENES CDI will be coordinated by the ENES DTF in order to:

- Strengthen ENES data infrastructure "mission statement" and "identity"
 which is needed to define contour in context of emerging science cloud etc. trends
- Integration into EOSC (European Open Science Cloud)
 - EU pushing the integration of EUDAT, EGI and INDIGO to aim for an operational EOSC by 2020
 - ENES is represented in EUDAT by CERFACS, DKRZ, MPI-M
 - ENES is represented in INDIGO-DataCloud by CMCC
 - Direct integration of ENES partners at institutional level in COPERNICUS, E-INFRA 12A and E-INFRA 21
- Preserve Europe's leading role in ESGF development, maintenance and operation
- Develop strategies to handle huge data volumes (CMIP6: 20 30 PB) together with huge numbers of data entities (CMIP6: 50 – 150 Mio)
 - Sharing of data storage responsibilities between European data nodes
 - Federated data processing at storage locations
 - Orchestration of data analytic workflows using data processing near storage, cloud computing (EGI, ...) with local temporary storage (EGI DataHub, ...), using standard interfaces (ESGF API, EUDAT GEF API, ...)
 - Higher level services including specific processing services and intelligent search facilities (Climate4Impact)
 - Network bandwidth on demand
 - Replacement of classical file system by cloud storage of digital objects
 - Alternative data storage and evaluation strategies to adapt data production to IT-prospects